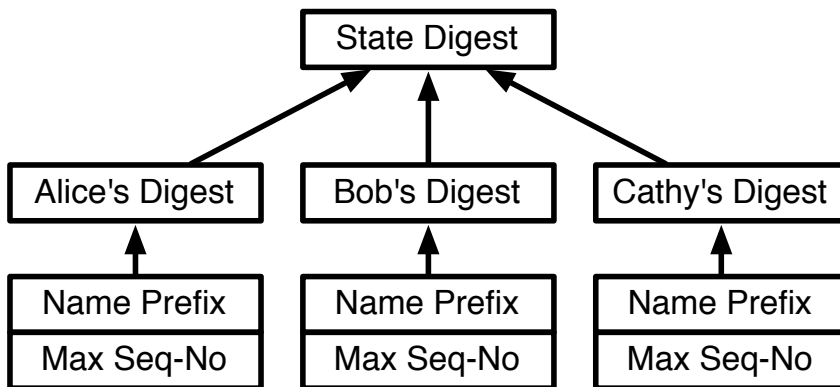


# Secure Multicast Interest in ChronoSync

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# ChronoSync

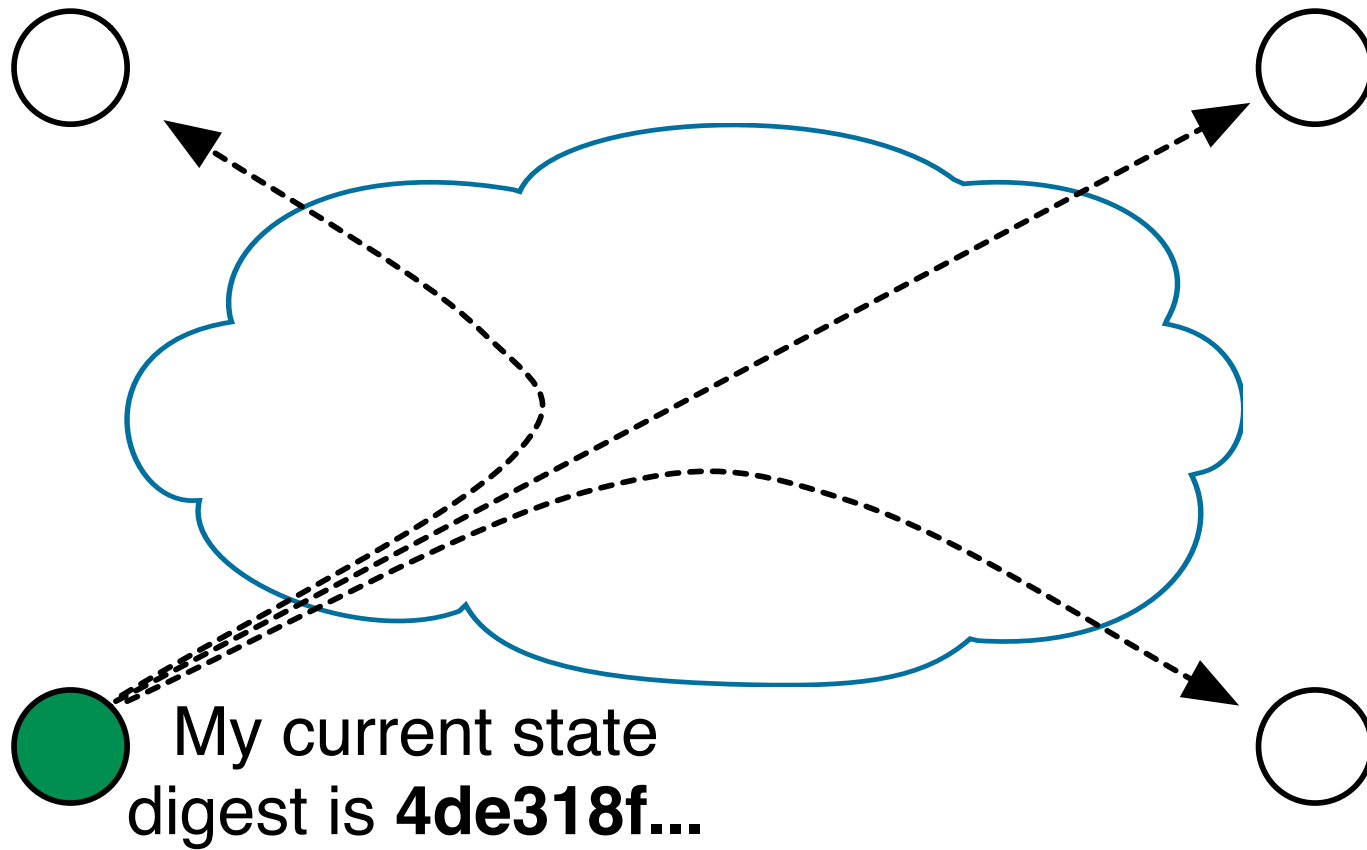
- State of a data set is expressed as a digest



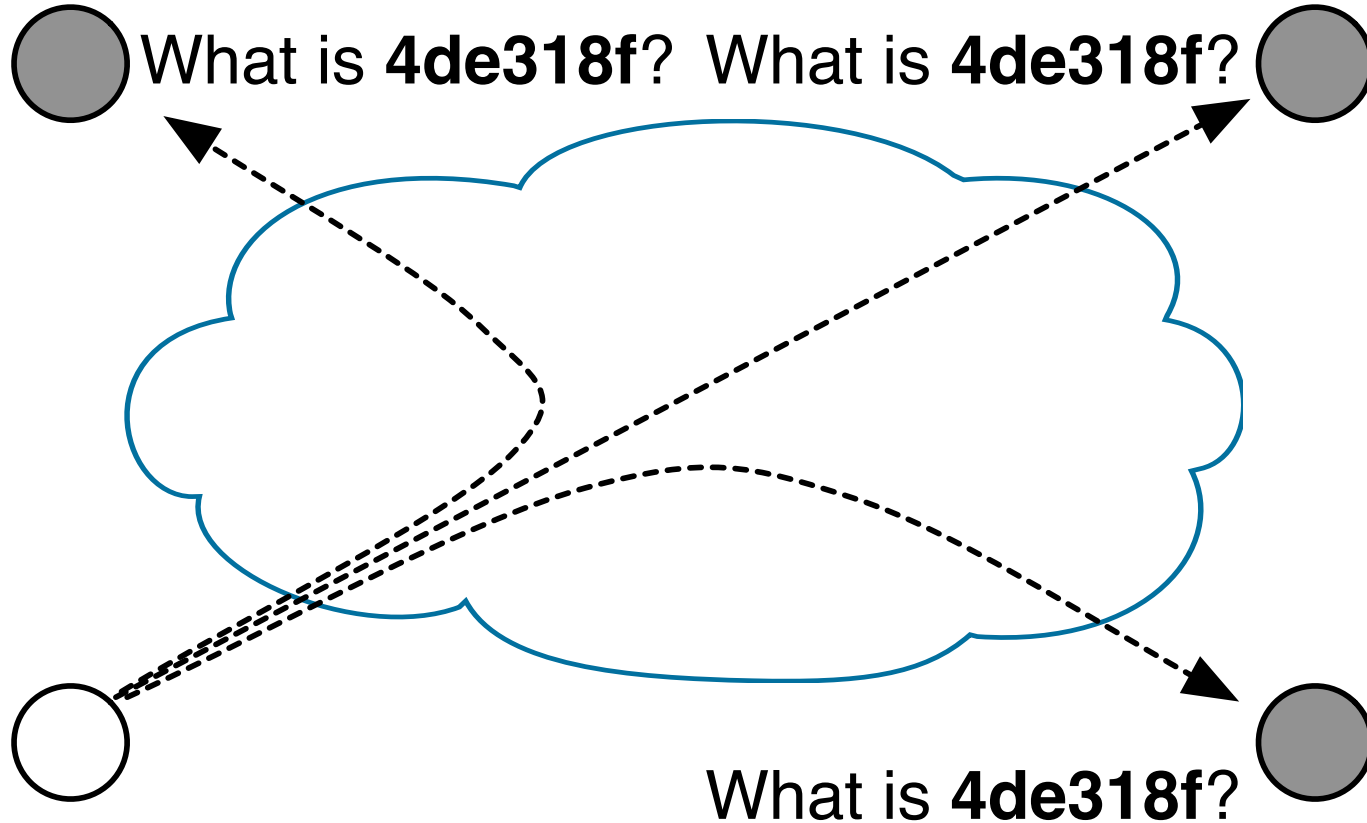
Digest	State tree modification
00a12...	<update <b>/ucla/alice</b> to SeqNo <b>4</b> >
3da49a	<update <b>/arizona/bob</b> to SeqNo <b>2</b> >
8f904d	<update <b>/arizona/bob</b> to SeqNo <b>1</b> >
c3412e	<update <b>/ucla/alice</b> to SeqNo <b>3</b> >
dd79f2	<update <b>/ucla/alice</b> to SeqNo <b>1</b> >

- Maintain a digest log to identify the state difference

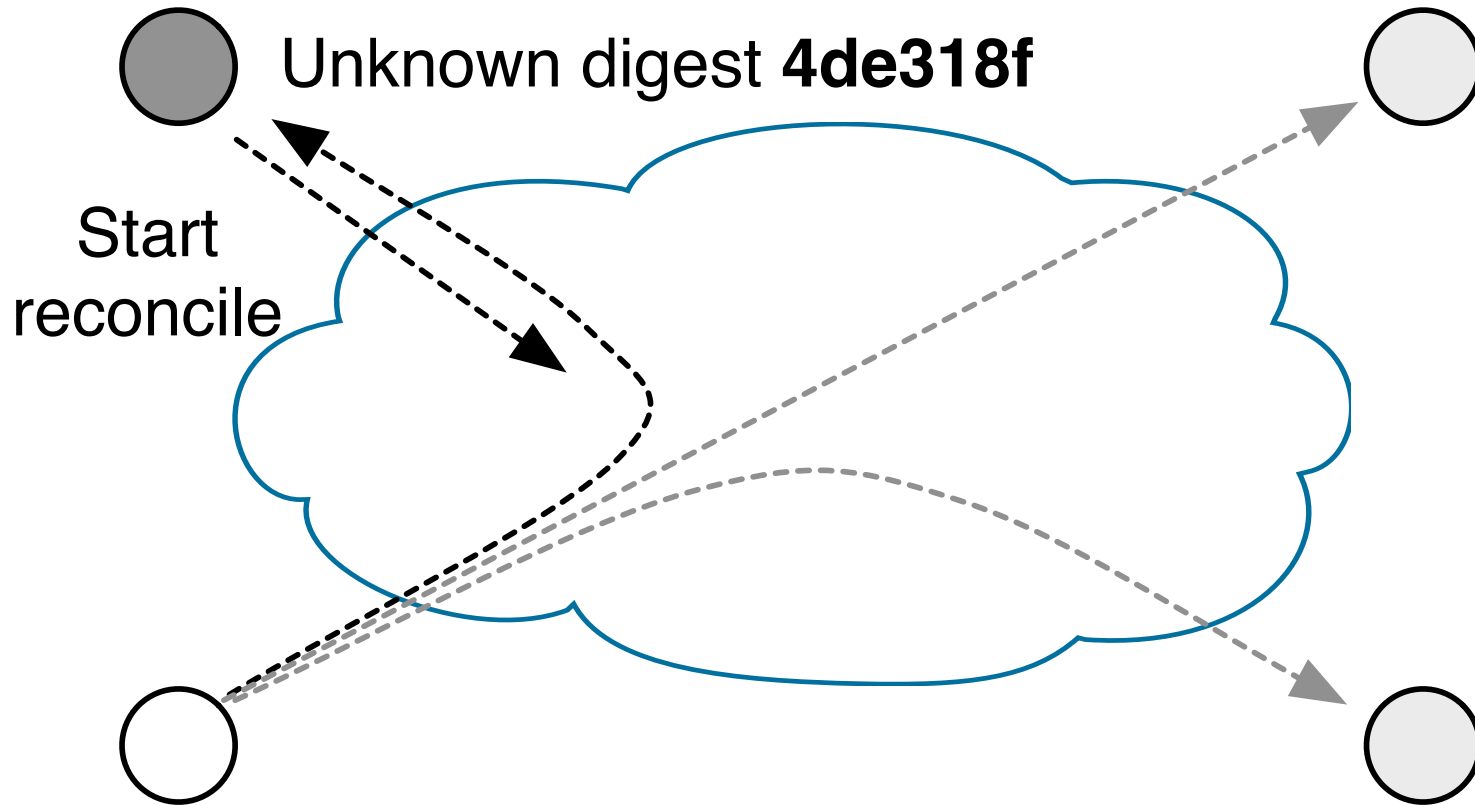
# Sync interest multicast



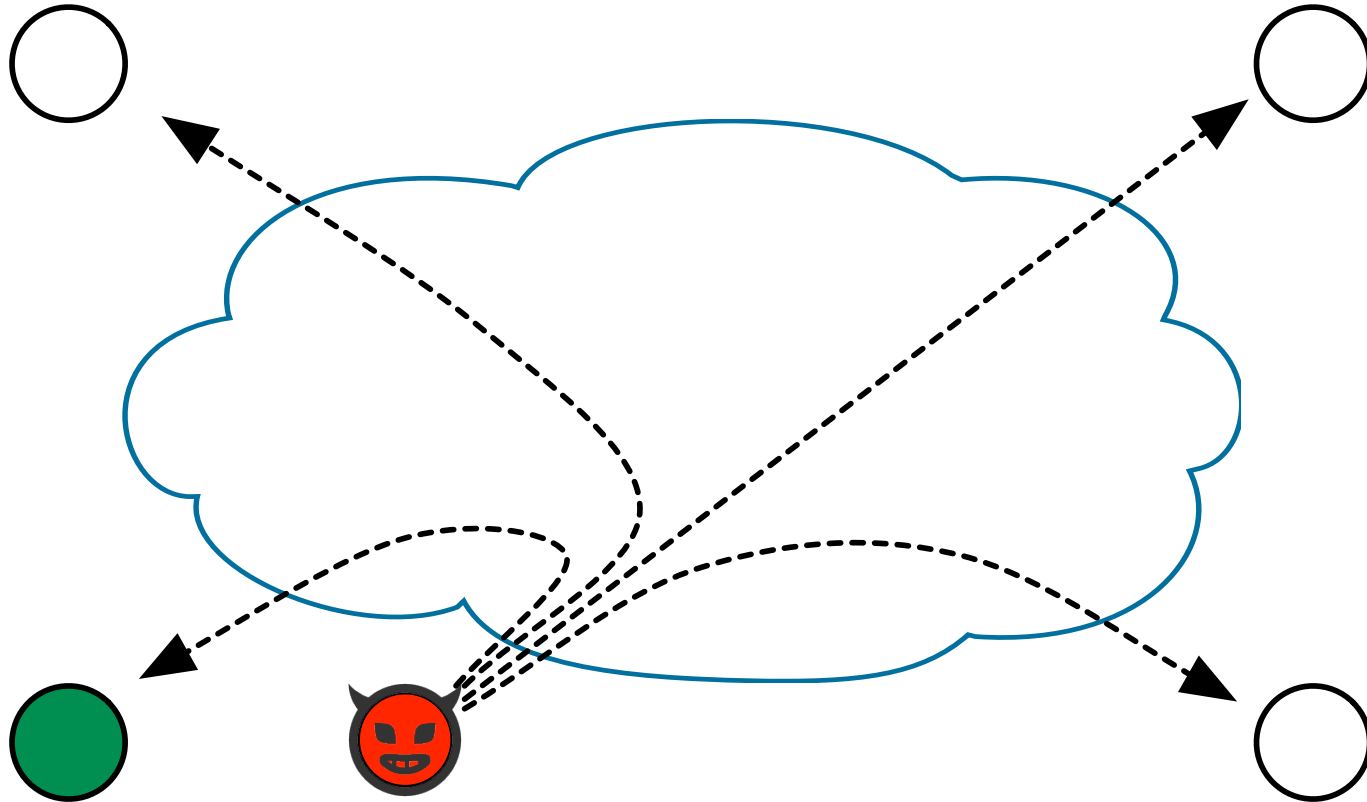
# Identity state digest



# Recover unknown digest



# If anyone can send multicast interest...



# To launch attack

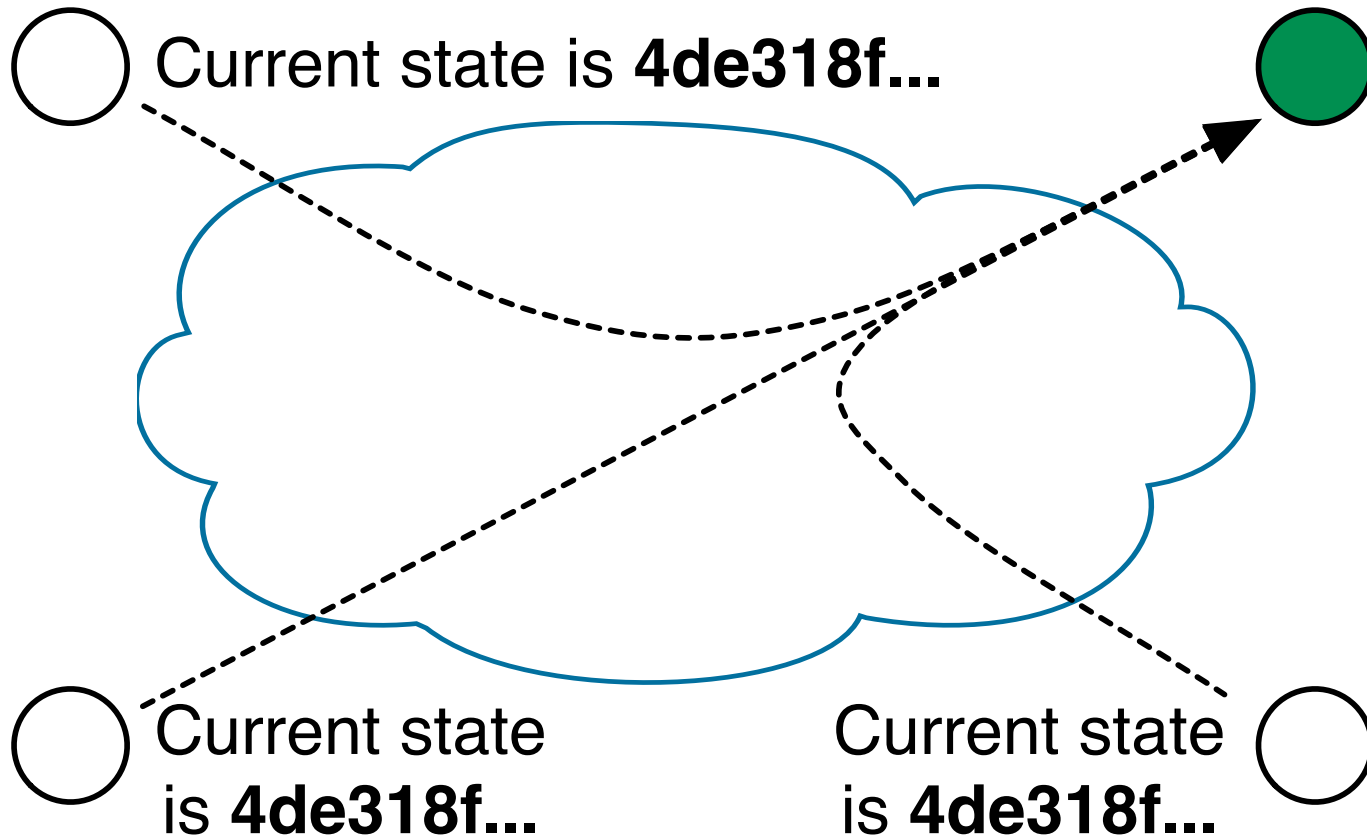
- Attacker needs to
  - get prefix of the sync group
  - generate a large number of sync interests with random digest
- All legitimate users will be forced to
  - do extra lookup
  - do unnecessary reconciliation
  - do extra signing
- No way to distinguish legitimate sync interests from malicious sync interests

# Authenticate sync interest

- Signed interest
- Should not prevent interests from being merged in the network

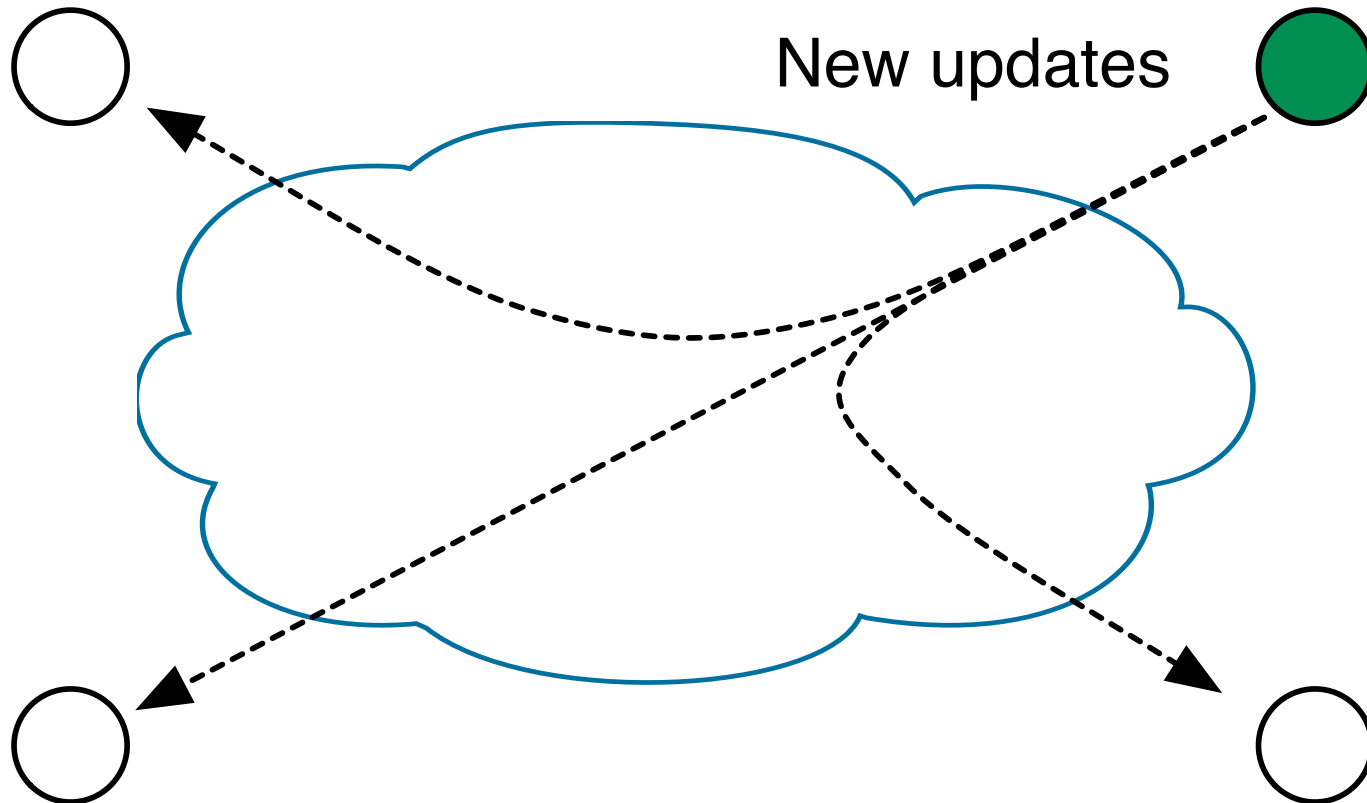


# Interest merging



Interests representing the same state should be merged

# Data multicast



# Authenticate sync interest

- Signed interest
- Should not prevent interests from being merged in the network
  - asymmetric signatures do not work
- Symmetric signatures
  - **how to distribute the symmetric key?**

# Symmetric Key Distribution

- Periodically generate a symmetric key
- Encrypt the symmetric key using the each user's public key
- Published as a single packet
- Who can generate the symmetric key?
  - designated user
    - single pointer failure
  - any user
    - resolve conflict when more than one user generate keys at the same time

