STARDUST Sustainable Tools for Analysis and Research on Darknet UnSolicited Traffic

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THE UCSD NETWORK TELESCOPE

Passive traffic monitoring system

Globally routed, lightly used /8 network (1/256 of the entire IPv4 address space)

24/7 full packet traces

Archive of pcap data back to 2003 (sampled data prior to 2008)

~2 PB currently, growing by ~30 TB per month



HOW DOES IT WORK?

Who would send traffic to an unused network? Malware attempting to propagate Backscatter from spoofed DoS attacks Misconfigurations Network scans





UCSD NETWORK TELESCOPE **DARKNET X.0.0.0/8**

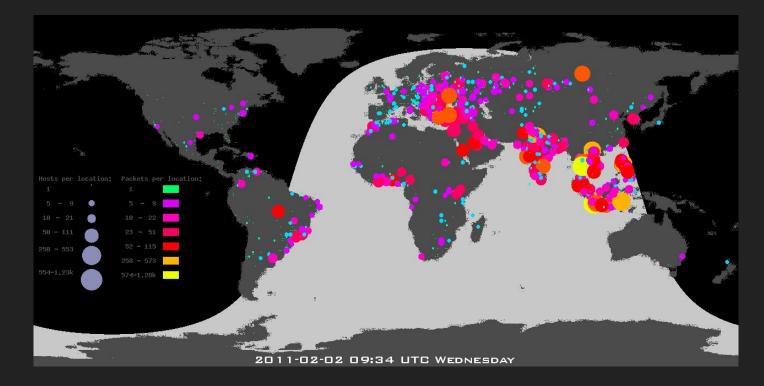
INFECTED HOST RANDOMLY SCANNING THE INTERNET



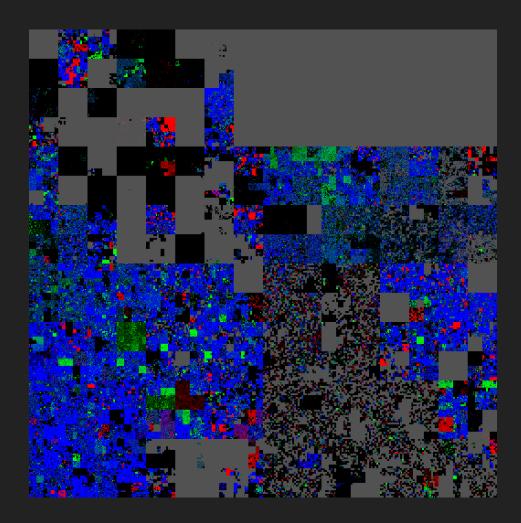


WHAT IS IT GOOD FOR?

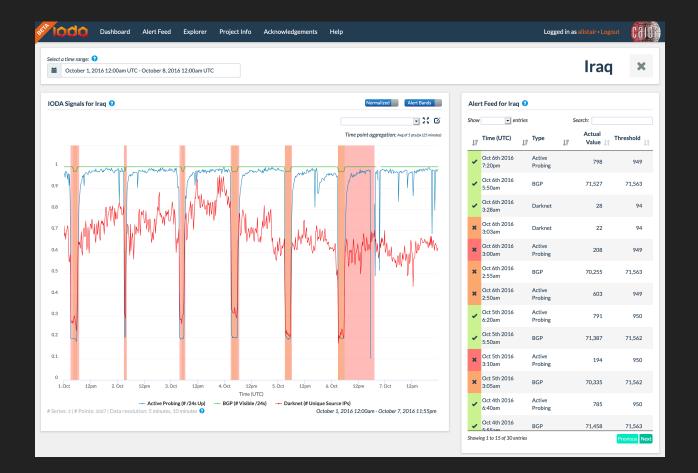
What can this data be used to study?



Malware Phenomena



IPv4 address space usage



Connectivity Disruptions

... and much more

4

(more than 100 scientific publications and PhD theses without CAIDA co-authorship)



USING THE DATA

- Raw pcap data has PII, so treated as sensitive (e.g., IP addresses, UDP payload)
- Researcher access via code-to-the-data approach
 - Apply via DHS IMPACT portal (https://www.impactcybertrust.org/)
 - SSH access to shared CAIDA-operated UNIX machine
 - Recent pcap and flow-level data (historical pcap can be retrieved from tape archive)
- Single research-compute machine means resource contention
 - pcap files are huge (~200 GB/hour), analysis is complex & time consuming



STARDUST: TOWARD A MORE SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

Three primary goals:

1. Scalable, future-ready traffic capture and real-time distribution system

2. Flexible, extensible, sustainable Research-Compute (RC) environment by leveraging modern virtualization and containerization technology (e.g., Kubernetes) as well as NSF-funded supercomputers (e.g., SDSC's Comet)

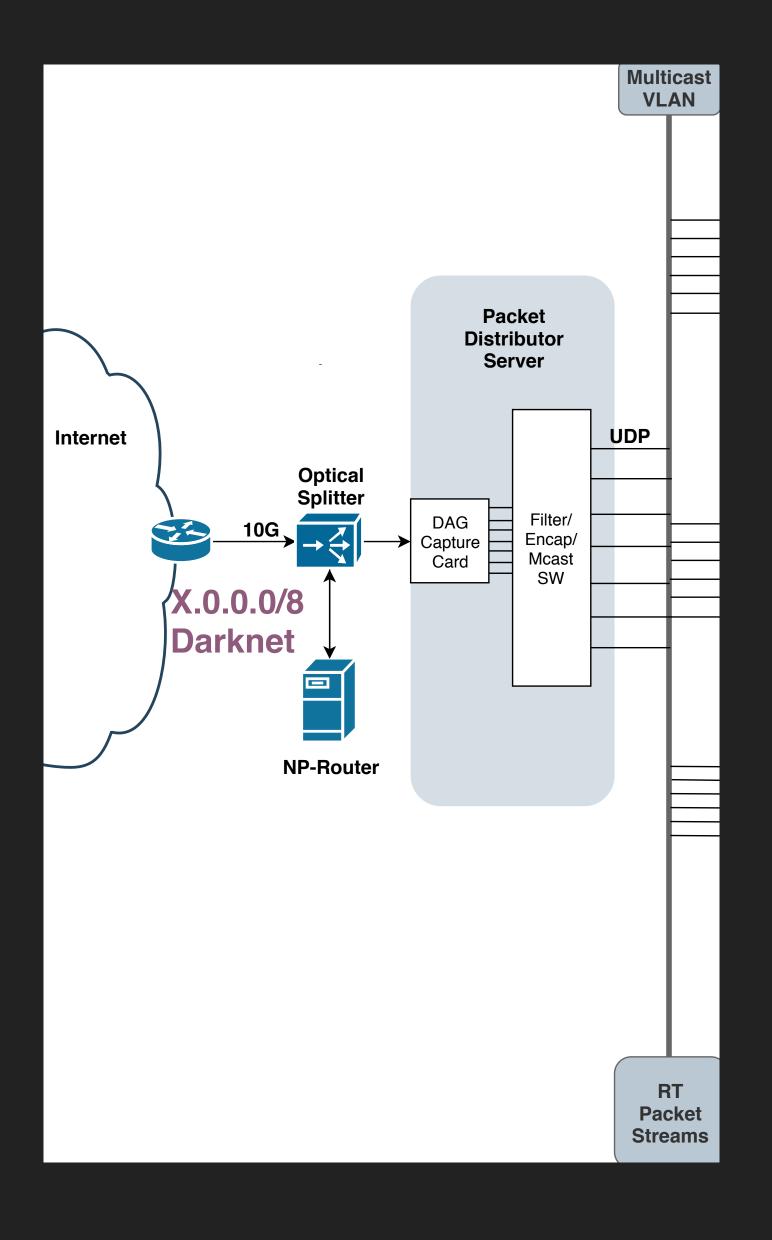
3. Lower the barrier to entry for new researchers, and reduce Time-To-Insight by providing high-level, annotated datasets



1. HIGH-SPEED CAPTURE AND REAL TIME DISTRIBUTION

- Endace 10 Gbps DAG card
- Multi-threaded packet distribution software
 - Captures from DAG card
 - Filters out "legitimate" traffic
 - Publishes packet batches to multicast group(s) on dedicated VLAN
 - Configurable routing of packets to streams (e.g., send XX.YY.0.0/16 to "small darknet" stream)
- Clients connected to VLAN can process packets from a stream using libtrace API or tools

Developed in collaboration with WAND group at Waikato NZ





2. SCALABLE RESEARCH-COMPUTE (RC) ENVIRONMENT

Containerization, of course Decouple compute from hardware Customized environment (scripts etc.) Portable (e.g., move heavy users to supercomputer) Real-time traffic feeds (VLAN) available in container Historical data in object storage cluster (>500 TB, 60 Gbps)

Current proof-of-concept deployment with VMs



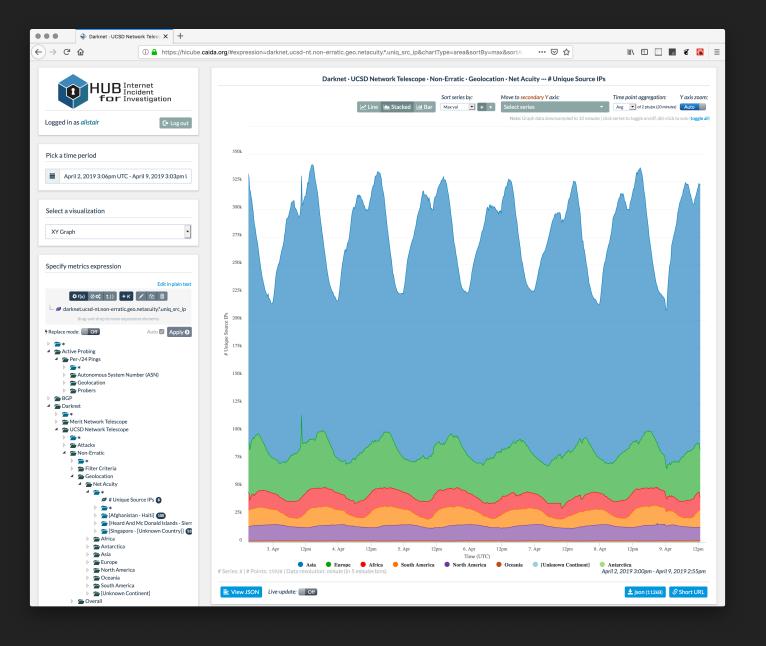
3. HIGH-LEVEL ANNOTATED DATASETS

Processing raw pcap is hard (even for experts) Huge volume (~1 Mpps, ~200 GB/hr) Longitudinal processing virtually impossible (> 600 TB/yr) Post-processed, aggregated, annotated datasets Lower barrier to entry for new researchers Reduce time to insight Facilitate "Big Data" analysis Files generated in near-realtime (< 1 hr latency)



3. HIGH-LEVEL ANNOTATED DATASETS (CONT.)

- Annotated "Flow"-level data
 - Src-IP, Dst-IP, Src-Port, Dst-Port, Proto, TTL, TCP-Flags, Len Country, Region, Lat/Long, ASN, Is-Spoofed
- Inferred Randomly Spoofed DoS attacks
- **Time Series**
 - Per-country, region, ASN, port, protocol, etc.
 - Used by IODA (outage detection), HI3 (cybersecurity event analysis)
- Supports longitudinal analysis currently, real-time streams coming (2020)





USE CASES

1. Classroom/Lab

- Create customized container with scripts etc.
- Each student/team uses one container
- Exercises can target processing raw pcap or flow-level to find events
- ... or even real-time detection



USE CASES (CONT.)

- 2. Study scanning over time
 - One-off longitudinal analysis
 - Process full history of Flow data on dynamically provisioned Spark cluster
 - Identify groups of records indicative of scanning
- 3. Detect spoofing as it happens
 - Continuous real-time monitoring
 - Run in dedicated RC container
 - Execute active measurements in response



CURRENT STATUS

New capture/distribution running since July 2018 Experimental VM-based RC environment VMs can trivially attach to live stream Experimental active anti-spoofing approach (consuming live stream from VM) All existing data moved to object storage cluster Big Data analytics at > 10Gbps



NEXT STEPS: SOFTWARE / INFRASTRUCTURE

- First VM-based beta users (Spring/Summer)
- Active anti-spoofing platform (Summer)
- Big Data analysis environment (Fall)
- Experiment with containerized RC environment (Fall)

- Data from additional telescopes coming soon:
 - Merit Networks
 - Politecnico di Torino, Italy
 UFMG, Brazil



NEXT STEPS: WORKSHOPS

2019 DUST Workshop September 9-10 Community building Identifying research questions Influence platform development 2020 DUST Workshop Open platform to users Hackathon





QUESTIONS?

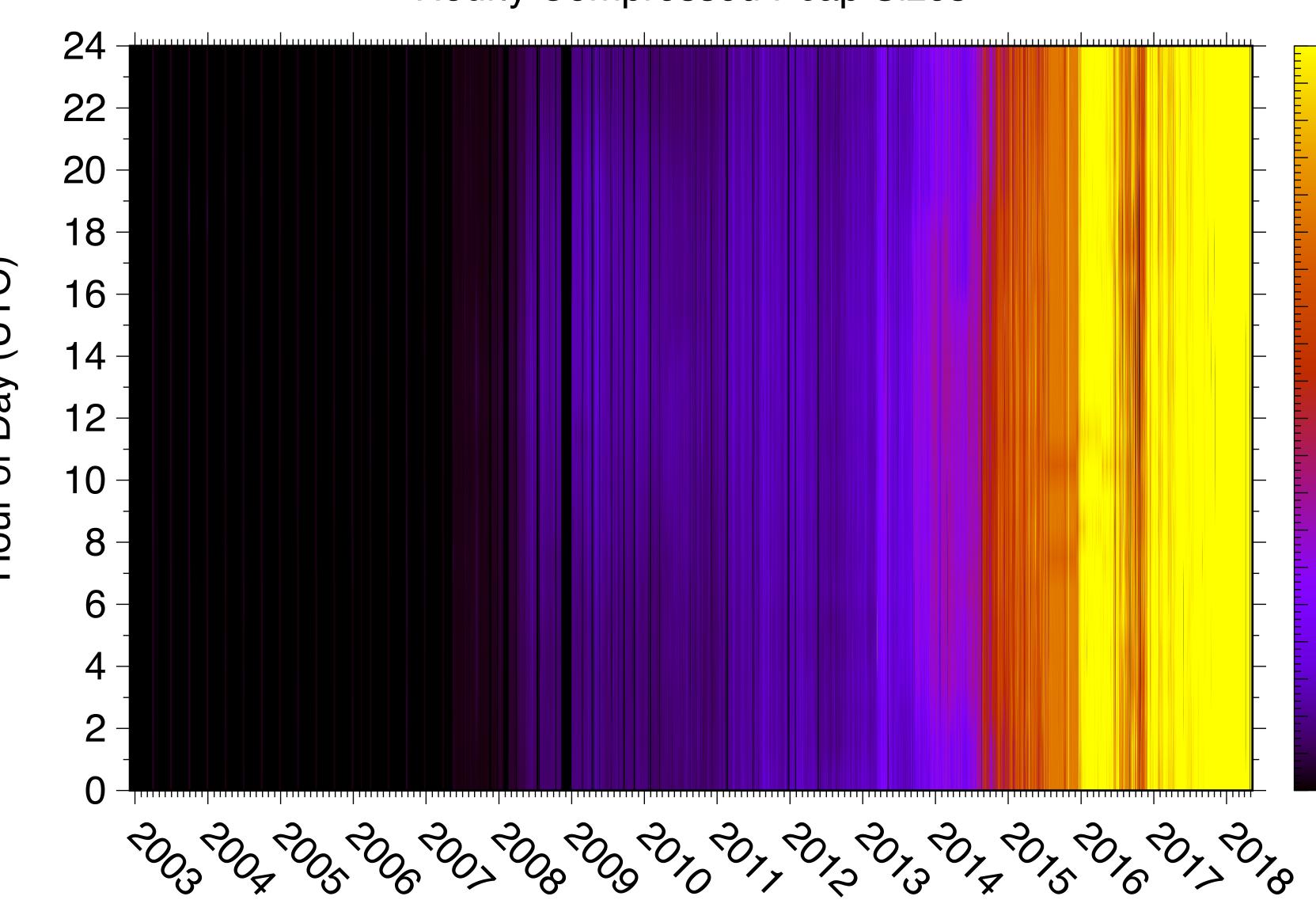
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caida.org/funding/stardust/





UCSD Network Telescope Hourly Compressed Pcap Sizes

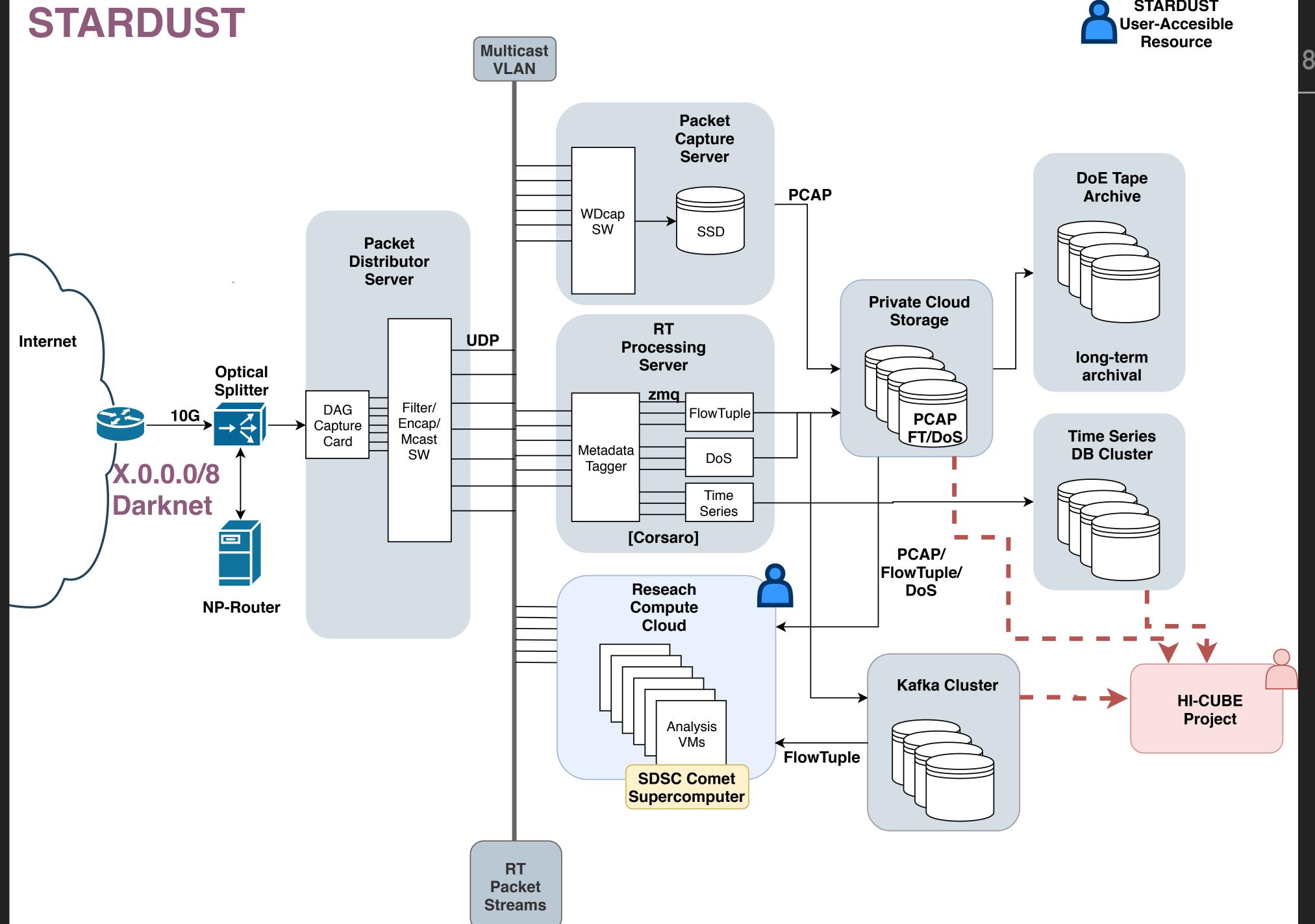


Hour of Day (UTC)



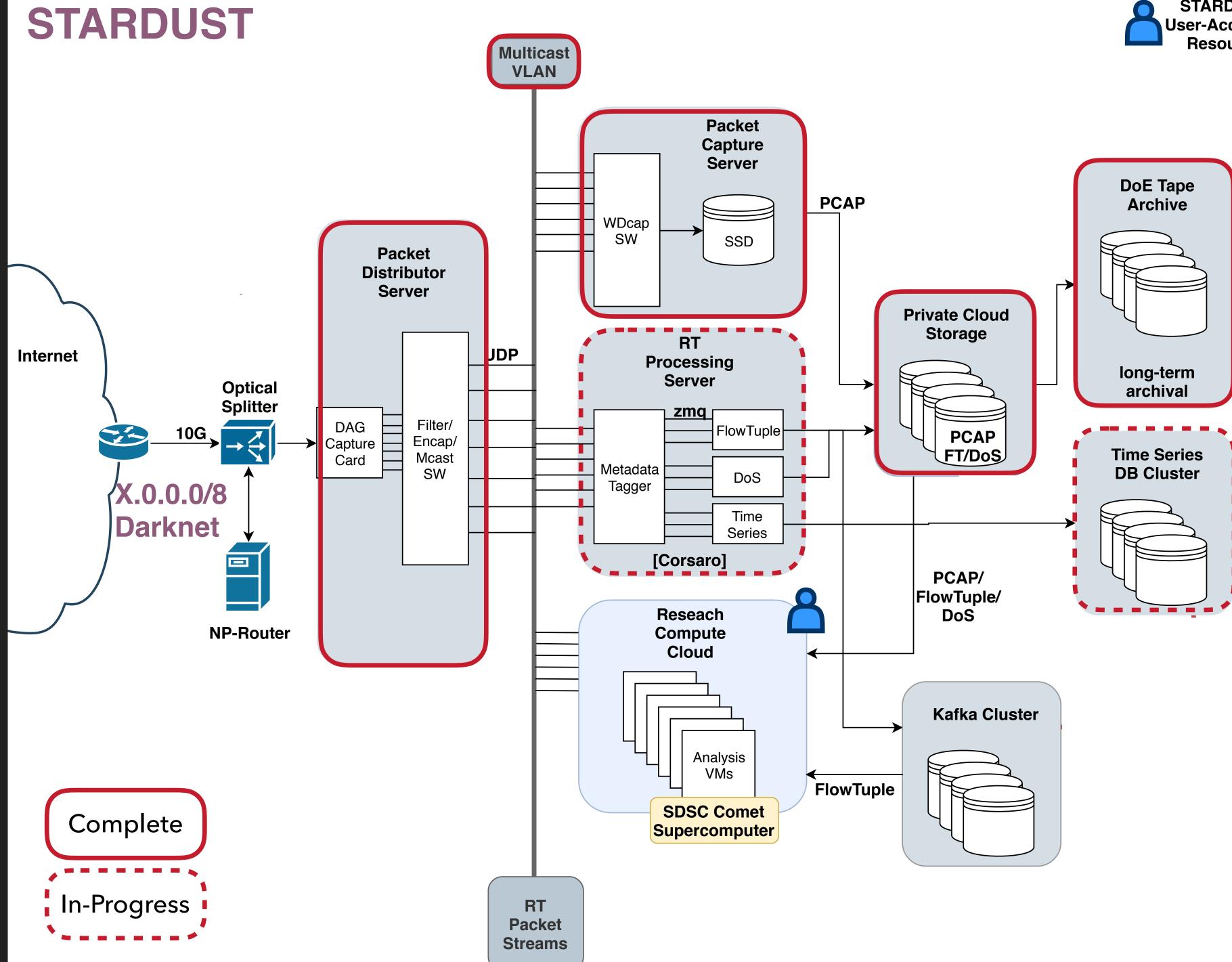
Bytes/hr GiB) Median of %





STARDUST





STARDUST **User-Accesible** Resource

