Evolution of the Internet Ecosystem

Dmitri Krioukov

Marina Fomenkov, Ryan Koga, kc claffy CAIDA/UCSD

Srinivas Shakkottai

Texas A&M University

Motivation

- **■** Many Internet evolution models exist. Why another one?
- **■** There is none which would be simultaneously
 - realistic
 - parsimonious
 - having all its parameters measureable
 - analytically tractable
 - "closing the loop"
- Only a model satisfying all these requirements can shed some light on how the Internet really evolves

Multiclass preferential attachment: PA + Internet-specific modification

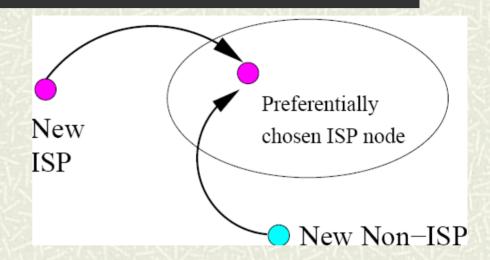
- All ASs can roughly be split into two classes: ISPs and non-ISPs
- New ASs can preferentially attach to ISPs, but they cannot connect to non-ISPs at all, as those do not provide Internet connectivity services
- A majority of ASs (~70%) are non-ISP

The two key observations

- This simple modification of PA captures a bulk of the Internet topology properties
- ➡ All other improvements and modifications (such as peering, bankruptcy, multihoming, geography, etc.) lead to much finer corrections

ISPs vs. non-ISPs

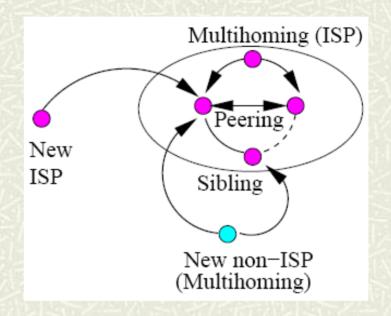
- **■** Time unit: 1 new ISP
- Non-ISPs per time unit: ρ . The measured value of ρ is $\rho = 7/3$
- Analytic solution for the degree distribution yields $P(k) \sim k^{-2.3}$
- In the real Internet $P(k) \sim k^{-2.1}$



$$P(k) \sim k^{-\left(2 + \frac{1}{1+\rho}\right)}$$

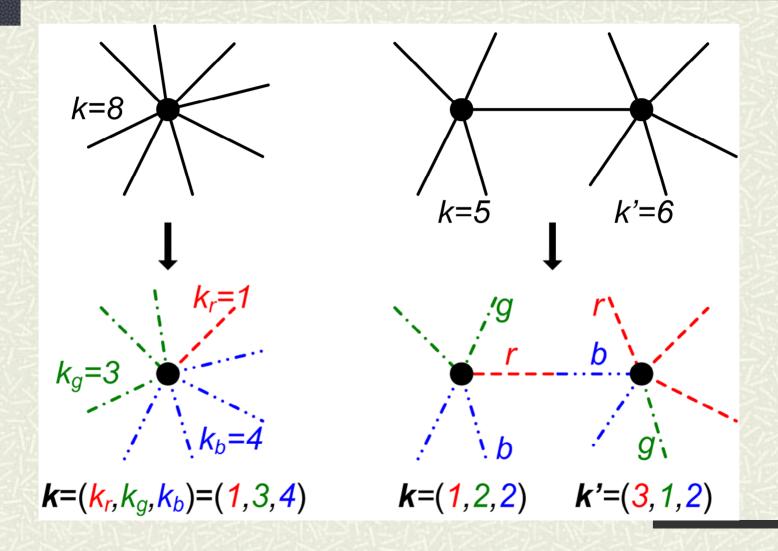
Finer adjustments

- Peering: peering links per time unit c = 0.70
- **Sibling links:** $\mu \approx 0$
- **Multihoming:**
 - ISP's average number of providers $v \approx 2$
 - non-ISP's average number of providersm = 1.86
- **#** Analytic solution $\gamma = 2.1$
- Real Internet y = 2.1



$$\gamma = 2 + \frac{1 - \mu}{1 + 2\nu + m\rho + 2c + \mu}$$

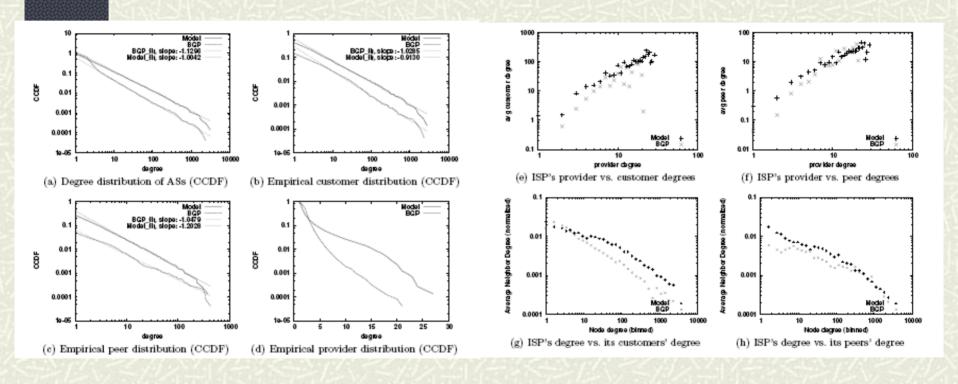
Annotated graphs



Model validation

- Reproducing the joint degree distribution (JDD) of the AS Internet annotated with AS business relationships captures all its other properties in synthetically generated networks
- Simulate the model with all its parameters equal to their measured value and compare the JDDs in the modeled networks and the Internet

Validation results



Conclusion

- **■** The Internet appears to evolve according to preferential attachment
 - Preferential attachment, with minor Internet-specific corrections, suffices to explain virtually all properties of the Internet AS-level topology and its evolution
- **■** Most links are from customer to provider ASs
- Therefore to make a step forward and connect our model to "real economics," one needs to explain how customers select their providers
- Popularity of providers, their "brand names," may be a real explanation of preferential attachment in the Internet