

Metadata format for benchmarking anomaly detection algorithms

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Anomaly detection algorithms: The problem

- We are still in the dark ages
 - Incompatible datasets
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 - Incomparable results
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- No technical method to accurately communicate the result of anomaly detection, even if we share the common dataset
- Inability to benchmark their performance

Metadata format for anomaly detection algorithms

- Separate file for each algorithm
- XML-based
- header, {record1, record2, ...}
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- Envelope information: rely on datcat tools

Header

- Algorithm name
- Algorithm version
- Algorithm URL
- Parameters given to the algorithm
- Date of analysis
- Analyst name
- Analyst organization
- Target dataset
- DATCAT dataset name

Record

- Each record consists of:
 - src, dst, start_time, end_time, anomaly_type, anomaly_value
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- Arbitrary number of records
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- Either src or dst can be wildcard

API

- `label_data(int handle, in_addr_t src, in_addr_t dst, time_t start, time_t end, string anomaly_type, float anomaly_value)`
- `label_data_ex(int handle, in_addr_t[] src, in_addr_t[] dst, time_t start, time_t end, string anomaly_type, float anomaly_value)`

Slicing

- Slice anomalous segments of pcap data
 - Based on anomaly_type, anomaly_value
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- Slice pcap data according to start_time, end_time
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- Useful for generating synthetic dataset

Merging

- Insert pcap slice B into pcap slice A
 - At particular time offset
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- Useful for benchmarking anomaly detection algorithms with synthetic dataset

Comparison

- Visualize the spotted anomalies along timeline
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- Compute coverage and support, generate HTML table

Current status

- Implementation in progress
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- Your comments are welcomed
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